#### Why do an Equalities Impact Assessment (EqIA)?

 Equalities Impact Assessment (EqIA) is part of Oxford City Council's Public Sector Equality Duty (PSED) (Equality Act 2010).

The General PSED enables Oxford City Council to:

- a. identify and remove discrimination,
- b. identify ways to advance equality of opportunity,
- c. foster good relations.
- An EqIA must be done before making any decision(s) that may have an impact on people and/or services that people use and depend on.
- 3. An EqIA form is one of many tools that can simplify and structure your equalities assessment.
- 4. We are passionate about equalities, and we highly recommend that <u>Corporate Management Team (CMT)</u> reports and all projects must attach an EqIA.

#### A good EqIA has the following attributes:

1. Comprehensively considers the 9 protected characteristics.

1.	Age	6. Race & Ethnicity
2.	Disability	7. Religion or Belief
3.	Gender Reassignment	8. Sex
4.	Marriage & Civil Partnership	9. Sexual Orientation
5.	Pregnancy & Maternity	NEW- Socio-economic inequalities (voluntary adoption)

- It has considered equality of treatment towards service users, residents, employees, partners, council suppliers & contractors, and Council Members
- Sufficiently considered potential and real impact of proposal or policy on service users, residents, employees, partners, council suppliers & contractors, and Council Members.
- 4. Systematically recorded and reported any potential and real impact of your proposal or policy on service users, residents, employees, partners, council suppliers & contractors, and Council Members
- Collected, recorded, & reported sufficient information and data on how your policy or proposal will have an impact.
- 6. Offers mitigations or adjustments if a PSED has been impacted.
- 7. Provides clear justifications for your decisions.
- **8.** It is written in **plain English** with simple short sentence structures.

# Section 1: General overview of the activity under consideration

1.	Name of activity being assessed.  New Positive Action Policy	Oxford Local Plan 2042	2.	The implementation date of the activity under consideration:	
3.	Directorate/Department(s):	Planning and Regulation	4.	Service Area(s):	Planning Services, Planning Policy
5.	Who is (are) the assessment lead(s): Please provide: -Name -Email address	Gabriella Barnes gbarnes@oxford.gov.uk	6. OXEC	Contact details, in case there are queries: Please provide: -Name -Email address	Gabriella Barnes  gbarnes@oxford.gov.uk  Error! Bookmark not defined.
7.	Is this a new or ongoing EqIA?	New	CIT 8.	If this is an extension of a previous EqIA, please indicate where the previous EqIA is located and share the link to the said EqIA.	N/A
9.	Date this EqIA started:	01/05/2025			
10.	Will this EqIA be attached to Corporate Management Team (CMT) reports/updates, which will be published online?	Will be attached to the cabine and therefore published.	et report	Give a date (tentative or otherwise) when this assessment will be taken to the CMT.	

# Section 2: About the activity, change, or policy that is being assessed.

12.	Type of activity being considered:  Check the most appropriate.	Budget	Decor	nmissionii	ng	Commis	ssioning		Change to	o an e	existing activity.
		New Acti∨ity		I	☐Othe	rs. Pleas	e specify:				
13.	Which priority area(s) within Oxford City Council's Corporate strategy (2024-2028) does this activity fulfil?  Please check as needed.	Good, affordable homes N/A		Strong, fa	46-3	Thriv Commun		Oxfo	Zero Carb <sup>Ird</sup>	<mark>on</mark>	Well run council Yes
14.	Which priority area(s) within Oxford City Council's Equality, Diversity & Inclusion Strategy (2022) does this activity fulfil?  Please check as needed.	Responsive services and cust care.	tomer	engage	erse and d workfo	orce.	Lead organisaticommitm	tional	) &	<mark>and</mark>	Understanding working with our nmunities.
15.	Outline the aims, objectives, & priorities of the activity being considered.	Oxford. The Loca affordable housin and the protection. The scope of the significant impact	The Oxford Local Plan 2042 will be the fundamental development framework for the city of Oxford. The Local Plan will have a material effect on the amount and type of housing (including affordable housing); the number and type of jobs; the location and nature of future development; and the protection of open space; across the city, among other aspects.  The scope of the Local Plan and the 20-year time span mean that this document will have a significant impact on the lives of those who live and work in or visit the city. Important choices will be made between competing demands and limited resources will be allocated. The Local Plan will								

	seek to address inequalities but the policies will need to be assessed for unintended consequences for equality issues.
Please outline the consequences of not implementing this activity. For example, -Existing activity does not fulfill Corporate Objectives, -existing activity is discriminatory and not fulfilling Council's PSED, to name a few.	Producing a Local Plan is a statutory requirement. The Loal Plan 2036 is still in place as the statutory development plan, but it will become more out of date over time, especially 5 years after adoptions, which is in June 2025. That makes it easier to argue that nation planning policy should be relied upon, rather than the locally set policies that attempt to address issues in Oxford.

## Section 3: Understanding service users, residents, staff and any other impacted parties.

Have you undertaken any consultations in the form of surveys, interviews, and/or focus groups?  Please provide details— -when, -how many, and -the approach taken.	<ul> <li>Early Engagement Survey</li> <li>17/03/2025-28/04/25</li> <li>Short questionnaire published on Oxford City Council's consultation portal regarding the new Local Plan</li> </ul>
18. List information and data used to understand who your residents or staff are and how they will be impacted.  These could bethird-party research, -census data, -legislation,	The policies of the draft Local Plan are based on an evidence base comprised of studies on topics such as housing and employment (e.g. the Housing and Economic Needs Assessment and Housing and Economic Land Availability Assessment), transport (e.g. the Central Oxfordshire Travel Plan and advice from the County Council as the Highway Authority), site analysis (e.g. the Green Infrastructure Assessment and the Green Belt Study update) and others including conversations with, and the strategic plans of, infrastructure and service providers.  In addition, the most up-to-date available demographic information was taken from sources such as the Census data 2011 and 2021 releases, population estimates (Office for National Statistics),

OV.UK	

# Section 4: Impact analysis.

20.	Who does the activity impact?	Service Users	Yes COUNC	No	Don't Know
	Check as needed.	Members of staff	Yes	No	Don't Know
	The impact may be positive, negative or	General public	Yes	No	Don't Know
	unknown.	Partner / Community Organisation	Yes	No	Don't Know
		City Councillors	Yes	No	Don't Know

Council suppliers and contractors	Yes	No	Don't Know

21.

Does the activity impact positively or negatively on any protected characteristics as stated within Equality (Act 2010)?

Protected Characteristic	Positive	Negative	Neutral	Don't know	Data/information/evidence supporting your assessment	Analysis & insight Mitigations
<b>A</b> 950	X				Several of the policies throughout Chapter 2 (which specifically deals with housing) of the draft Local Plan explicitly address the diverse needs of the different age groups in Oxford. In the preparation of the draft Local Plan, the Council has considered the housing requirements of many different age groups (students, young people, families, adults, elderly people, etc.). Chapter 2 includes specific policies relating to student accommodation (H9 and H10), boarding school accommodation (H16), shared housing/Houses in Multiple Occupation (H8), family-sized housing (H6) and older persons and other specialist accommodation (H13), as they relate specifically to different age groups. These policies are considered to have	

positive impacts upon the cohorts for which they are relevant, without costing others or negatively affecting other demographic groups, as they all strive to contribute towards establishing a mixed and balanced community which facilitates a healthy environment for the success of all people at all stages of their lives. Whilst policies H6, H8 and H9 include restrictions upon the free-market proliferation of specific housing types, it is not considered that these restrictions negatively impact the relevant target groups (particularly young adults/students through policies H8 and H9), as the aim and function of the 851 restrictions is to ensure mixed and balanced communities in which all cohorts of age groups benefit from a healthier social mix. The potential selfsegregation/selection of communities by age group through the unfettered forces of market demand is considered to be more likely to have a negative effect on specific age groups than ensuring their healthy mix throughout the city as a whole. Chapter 7 focuses on movement and specifically works to facilitate sustainable transport modes as alternatives to private car use; which will make the city more accessible to people of all ages. Further policies in Chapter 7 of the draft

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		Local Plan relating to communities, facilities, and the vibrancy of Oxford's city and district centres, are specifically targeted at protecting, retaining, and encouraging facilities needed for the general health and wellbeing of all age demographics (policies C2, C3, C4 and C5).  Overall, the effect of the draft Local Plan on the age equality strand is considered to be positive.
Disability (Visible and invisible)  Solution	X	The thrust and ambition of the draft Local Plan strives to focus development in locations which are accessible by public transport & non-car modes to make the city more accessible to people of all abilities. This ambition forms one of the overarching threads within the document, which seeks to foster a liveable city in which residents have access to the basis of their daily needs within an easy walking distance of their homes. In doing so, the document works to protect provision of to community and recreational facilities.  In the preparation of the draft Local Plan, the Council has considered the need for accessible and adaptable dwellings, and the need to ensure that services and facilities are accessible to all. Chapter 6 on design includes Policy HD14 - Accessible and Adaptable Homes - which adopts optional Building Regulations requirement M4(2) to

853		provide enhanced accessibility and adaptability for all new affordable dwellings and for a minimum of 15% of new general market dwellings. This policy also adopts Building Regulations requirement M4(3) for dwellings for wheelchair users, for a minimum of 5% of all dwellings for which the City Council is responsible for allocations or nominations on sites of more than 20 dwellings. It is considered that this policy will result in some positive effects for housing quality for people with disabilities. Furthermore, the policies contained in Chapter 7 focus on movement and work to support a range of sustainable transport modes, which will provide residents and users of Oxford with a greater range of movement options and make the city more accessible to people of all abilities. Overall, the effect of the draft Local Plan on the disability equality strand is considered to be positive.
Gender re-assignment	X	No equalities impact identified.
Marriage & Civil Partnership	X	No equalities impact identified.
Race, Ethnicity	X	No equalities impact identified

and/or Citizenship			
Pregnancy & Maternity	X	No equalities impact identified.	
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Religion or Belief	X	No equalities impact identified.	
Sex	Х	No equalities impact identified.	
Sexual Orientation	X	No equalities impact identified.	

Socio- economic inequalities such as:  - income and factors that impact incomeaccess to jobs On This was voluntarily adopted by Oxford City Council on the 13 <sup>th</sup> of March 2024.	X		The draft plan attempts to address some inequalities directly, for example by protecting a diverse range of employment sites, by requiring Community Employment and Procurement Plans and Affordable Workspace.
Other (voluntary consideration)  For example:  Migrant, refugee, or asylum		X	No equalities impact identified.

seekers.				
		X	No equalities impact identified.	
Other				
For example:				
- Unpaid carers				
- Prison				
population				
- Homeless				
population				
-Council				
suppliers &				
contractors				
-Cabinet				
Members				
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# Section 5: Conclusion(s) of your Full Impact Assessment

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22.	Conclusions. The Local Plan will seek to deliver specific types of development and at specific locations. As such, there is the potential for the policies to have differential impacts on different equalities groups. Development at any site could have equality implications both for new residents and users/workers within the site, and for communities in adjacent areas. The extent to which control over these potentially different impacts can be exercised varies.  Overall, draft Local Plan policies have been designed to attempt to improve the relevant equality strands where possible, and to otherwise have a neutral impact. More specifically, it is not anticipated that there will be a direct impact on equality issues related to gender reassignment, sex, sexual orientation, pregnancy and maternity, or religion and beliefs as a result of the policies and development proposed in the Local Plan; whilst it is considered that the policies and resulting development patterns of the Local Plan are likely to have some positive effect on the age, disability and socio-economic equality strands.					
	Stop and reconsider the activity.	Adjust activity before beginning the activity and continue to monitor.	⊠ cha	major ange(s) or justments	No major change(s) or adjustments and continue with the	



#### **Section 6: Monitoring and review plan.**

The responsibility for maintaining a monitoring arrangement of the EqIA action plan lies with the service/team completing the EqIA.

These arrangements must be built into the performance management framework such as KPIs or Risk Registers.



### **Section 7: Sign-off**

	Name: Gabriella Barnes	Name:	Name:
	Job Title: Assistant Planner	Job Title:	Job Title:
	Signature: G.Barnes 	Signature:	Signature:
	Name: Full Name	Name: Full Name	Name: Full Name
	Job Title: Type here	Job Title: Type here	Job Title: Type here
<b>x</b>	Signature:	Signature:	Signature:
859			<u></u>
	Name: Full Name	Name: Full Name	Name: Full Name
	Job Title: Type here	Job Title: Type here	Job Title: Type here
	Signature:	Signature: COUN	Signature:

You have now reached the end of the assessment.



▲ Please appended this to any reports and project files for reference.

#### **Suggested list** include are:

- 1) Project lead/
- 2) Head of serv team.
- 3) Person who EqIA.
- 4) EDI Lead.
- 5) EDI Specialis
- 6) For joint proj consider the
  - 1. Other pro
  - 2. Other ser and/or te lead/man

This is not an e list.

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